FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31,2019 and 2018

Contents

	PAGE
Report of Independent Auditors	1
Statements of Net Assets Available for Benefits	3
Statements of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5
Supplemental Information	
Schedules of Investment Expenses	24
Schedules of Legal Fees and Expenses	25
Schedules of Administrative Expenses	26



7501 WISCONSIN AVENUE | SUITE 1200 WEST BETHESDA, MD 20814 202.331.9880 PHONE | 202.331.9890 FAX

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Trustees of Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund (the Plan), which comprise the statements of net assets available for benefits as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of changes in net assets available for benefits for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Plan management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Plan's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial status of the Plan as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the changes in its financial status for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Supplemental Information

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying information presented on pages 24 through 26 is for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Calibre CPAGroup, PLLC

Bethesda, MD September 30, 2020

STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS

DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
ASSETS				
Investments - at fair value				
Common and privately held stock	\$	763,760,862	\$	679,581,223
Corporate obligations		399,058,980		355,867,435
United States Government and government agency obligations		333,923,768		189,312,421
Insurance company contracts		178,660,862		157,300,704
Common collective trusts		2,253,684,787		1,846,587,757
Mutual funds		195,667,980		167,392,988
Limited partnerships		269,791,862		275,927,671
Hedge funds		620,573,119		395,083,878
Short-term investments		274,019,387		272,232,620
Foreign obligations		-		304,315
Securities loaned to third parties				
Short-term investments		-		2,023,435
Common stock		151,927,373		171,944,881
Corporate obligations		35,469,303		44,759,784
United States Government and government agency obligations		168,814,655		182,879,855
Collateral held for securities on loan		364,215,790		410,693,161
Total investments		6,009,568,728		5,151,892,128
Net assets held in 401(h) account		576,020		604,466
Receivables				
Contributions		47,998,762		50,125,886
Employer withdrawal liability - net		11,498,023		15,309,486
Accrued interest and dividends		7,104,153		6,789,292
Receivable for investment securities sold		63,394,803		17,622,753
Due from affiliated organizations		179,143		150,647
Other receivables		2,347		2,347
Total receivables		130,177,231	_	90,000,411
PREPAID EXPENSES, DEPOSITS AND OTHER ASSETS		599,064		579,486
Cash				
NBF escrow accounts		11,960,830		7,348,946
Operating cash accounts		74,831,143		85,300,475
Total cash		86,791,973		92,649,421
Total assets		6,227,713,016	_	5,335,725,912
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and withholdings		3,372,485		1,800,180
Settlement of securities purchased		62,727,776		45,523,168
Unprocessed/undistributed contributions		1,948,803		1,758,828
Deferred lease incentive		397,540		466,971
Obligations to 401(h) medical account		576,020		604,466
Obligations to refund collateral		364,215,790		410,693,161
Total liabilities	_	433,238,414		460,846,774
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS	\$	5,794,474,602	\$	4,874,879,138

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Additions		
Investment income		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	\$ 776,174,647	\$ (257,757,230)
Interest and dividend income	76,360,823	61,499,605
	852,535,470	(196,257,625)
Less: investment expenses	(10,727,504)	(10,683,102)
Total investment income - net	841,807,966	(206,940,727)
Contributions		
Employer contributions	600,211,512	587,148,699
Liquidated damages	467,232	452,752
Withdrawal liability income	3,270,415	1,487,200
Less: amounts deemed uncollectible	(2,761,286)	(693,618)
Total contributions	601,187,873	588,395,033
Settlement income	922,450	1,143,418
Total additions	1,443,918,289	382,597,724
Deductions		
Benefits		
Pension benefits	498,648,785	483,828,568
Cost of living adjustment benefits	10,795,942	11,590,798
Death benefits	187,926	146,387
Total benefits	509,632,653	495,565,753
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation expense	4,095,322	3,918,180
Administrative expenses - net	10,594,850	9,684,221
Total deductions	524,322,825	509,168,154
NET CHANGE	919,595,464	(126,570,430)
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS		
Beginning of year	4,874,879,138	5,001,449,568
End of year	\$ 5,794,474,602	\$ 4,874,879,138

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN

The Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund (the Plan) is a defined benefit plan subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), as amended, that has been established to provide retirement benefits for Participants who are represented for the purpose of collective bargaining by the International Association of Sheet Metal, Air, Rail and Transportation Workers' (SMART). In addition, other classes of Participants who work for a contributing employer, who may not be represented for the purpose of collective bargaining by SMART, may participate under the terms and conditions established by the Board of Trustees (Trustees). The Plan is entirely financed from employer contributions and investment earnings.

A Normal Retirement Pension benefit is calculated considering a Participant's work in Covered Employment. Over the years the benefit formula was changed in response to funding issues. Prior to 2000, a Participant could earn a maximum of 12 months of Pension Credit in a year and the value for that credit was generally dependent on the final earned contribution rate (valued in increments). For work performed on or after January 2000, the formula was changed to provide a benefit based on a percentage of contributions derived from Contribution Hours reported on the participant's behalf each Plan Year. For benefits earned through December 31, 2013, the percentage is based on a fixed amount and was dependent upon required contribution increases and the Schedule of Benefits selected by the bargaining parties. For Contribution Hours worked on or after January 2014, benefits are based on a percentage of contributions under a Variable Benefit Accrual Rate (VBAR). Under this formula, the percentage adjusts annually and is based upon the average market value investment returns over the previous three years and as certified by the actuary. Details concerning the applicable percentages, and the determinant accrual rate, are provided in the Plan Document.

For Participants that separated from the Plan in 1997 or later in order to qualify for a Normal Retirement Pension (payable at age 65) he/she must earn a minimum of 5 Years of Service. For Participants that separated from the Plan prior to 1997 he/she must earn a minimum of 10 Year of Service or earn a minimum of 10 years of Pension Credit (which includes no less than 5 years of Future Service Credit) is required to qualify for a pension. A Year of Service is defined as a calendar year in which a Participant works a minimum of 870 hours in Covered Employment within a specified timeframe.

In order to qualify for a Disability Benefit a participant must meet the following conditions:

- Not attained age 55;
- Provide an approval from the U.S. Social Security Administration for Social Security Disability Insurance Benefits;

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN (CONTINUED)

- Must earn a minimum of 10 years of pension credit, which includes at least 5 years of future service credit, and earn a minimum of 435 hours of work in covered employment within the 24-months of his/her disability onset;
- Not have worked in non-signatory employment; and
- Is not deemed a person for whom contributions are not required to be made under the Rehabilitation Plan.

If a Participant meets these conditions the amount of the monthly benefit will be equal to the early retirement pension he or she would have qualified for but for age. (e.g. 55/30 Pension, Special Early Retirement Pension, Standard Early Retirement Pension or Unsubsidized Early Retirement Pension).

Provided a Participant earns the minimum service requirements he/she will qualify for a monthly pension for his/her lifetime, provided he/she is not working in Disqualifying Employment. In the event of a retiree's death any continuation would be under the terms of the elected option. The earliest a Participant can qualify for a pension is the month following receipt of an application, except in the case of a required mandatory distribution. Under the terms of the Plan, a Participant must commence receipt of benefits the April 1st of the calendar year following attainment of age 70½.

Pension payments are subject to involuntary "cash out" in the event the actuarial present value of the monthly benefit is \$1,000 or less. Additionally, the same opportunity exists on a voluntary basis if the actuarial present value of a pension is more than \$1,000 and less than \$5,000.

PRE-RETIREMENT DEATH BENEFITS:

In the event that a Participant qualified for pension and dies prior to retirement, his/her spouse will be eligible for a monthly survivor's benefit representing the amount payable to the spouse under the 50% Joint and Survivor Annuity Option. This benefit is payable as early as the month following death; however, in the event the Participant died prior to attaining age 55, the spousal benefit is actuarially reduced due to early distribution. The spouse is also given the option of delaying payment to the date the Participant would have attained age 55 or 65 to avoid reductions for early retirement pension.

In the event a Participant is not married and dies prior to receiving pension, a \$5,000 lump sum death benefit will be payable if the following conditions are met:

- the Participant has attained Vested Status;
- he/she worked 435 Hours of Work in Covered Employment within the 24-month period preceding death;

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN (CONTINUED)

- he/she had not been employed in non-signatory employment; and
- a qualified domestic relations order has not been filed with the Plan assigning a portion of the pension to an alternate payee.

This brief description of the Plan is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Summary Plan Description or Plan Rules for a more complete summary of the Plan.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Method of Accounting - The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Investments - The Plan's investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Net appreciation (depreciation) includes the Plan's gains and losses on investments bought and sold, as well as held during the year.

Property and Equipment - Property and equipment is expensed when purchased.

Employer Contributions - Employer contributions receivable at year-end are based on actual contributions received subsequent to year-end and an estimate for those employers who are delinquent. Management considers the delinquent amounts to be collectible. Therefore, no allowance is considered necessary.

Payment of Benefits - Benefit payments to participants are recorded upon distribution.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of plan assets and the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The fair value of certain investments are estimated primarily by investment managers and consultants. Those estimated values may differ from the values that would have been used had readily determinable market values existed, and it is at least reasonably possible that these values may prove, even in the near term, to not represent the actual market value.

NOTE 3. TAX STATUS

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issued a favorable determination letter on March 11, 2015 which stated that the Plan and its underlying trust qualify under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and therefore are exempt from income taxes.

The Plan has been amended for various tax law changes since receiving its latest IRS determination letter. However, management believes the Plan is designed and is currently being operated in compliance with the applicable requirements of the IRC. Therefore, they believe the Plan is qualified and the related trust is tax-exempt.

The Plan accounts for income taxes in accordance with the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic *Income Taxes*. These provisions provide consistent guidance for the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity's financial statements and prescribed a threshold of "more likely than not" for recognition and derecognition of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Plan performed an evaluation of uncertain tax positions for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and determined that there were no matters that would require recognition in the financial statements or that may have an effect on its tax-exempt status.

NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Plan has contracted with several affiliated organizations with common participants under administrative service agreements to provide services including, but not limited to, the following: plan administration, accounting, bookkeeping, payroll administration, human resources, mail room, telephone and reception, computer services, contributions collections, field audit, and benefit payment services. The administrative reimbursement for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$1,559,313 and \$1,805,506, respectively.

The following represents the amount charged to each affiliated organization for the administrative service agreements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	 2019	 2018
SMART Local Unions and Councils Pension Plan - Canada	\$ 67,297	\$ 40,815
SMART Local Unions and Councils Pension Plan - USA	349,269	466,770
Sheet Metal Workers' Occupational Health Institute Trust	114,226	122,927
National Energy Management Institute Committee	128,037	146,158
International Training Institute	207,203	289,158
Stabilization Agreement of the Sheet Metal Industry	579,732	689,385
International Association of Sheet Metal, Air, Rail and		
Transit Workers	810	1,917
Sheet Metal Workers' International Scholarship Fund	2,580	3,110
Sheet Metal Workers' Association Accidental Death and		
Dismemberment Plan	71,088	7,900
SMART National Supplemental Savings Plan	 39,071	 37,366
Total	\$ 1,559,313	\$ 1,805,506

NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Total amounts due from the affiliated organizations to the Plan at December 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	2019	2018
SMART Local Unions and Councils Pension Plan - USA	\$ 26,114	\$ (1,858)
Sheet Metal Workers' Occupational Health Institute Trust	2,866	4,656
National Energy Management Institute Committee	9,000	22,623
International Training Institute	50,759	55,389
Stabilization Agreement of the Sheet Metal Industry	40,320	26,192
International Association of Sheet Metal, Air, Rail and		
Transit Workers	21,837	11,527
Sheet Metal Workers' International Scholarship Fund	3,387	1,544
Sheet Metal Workers' Association Accidental Death		
and Dismemberment Plan	3,350	(114)
SMART National Supplemental Savings Plan	(246)	23,018
SMART Local Unions and Councils Pension Plan - Canada	 21,756	 7,670
Total	\$ 179,143	\$ 150,647

Additionally, at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Plan owed \$1,948,803 and \$1,758,828, respectively, of unprocessed and undistributed contributions collected on behalf of affiliated organizations as follows:

	 2019	2018
SMART National Supplemental Savings Plan	\$ 117,939	\$ 169,849
Sheet Metal Workers' Occupational Health Institute Trust	44,724	40,285
National Energy Management Institute Committee	72,643	65,216
International Training Institute	286,634	264,578
Stabilization Agreement of the Sheet Metal Industry	997,353	813,141
Stabilization Agreement of the Sheet Metal Industry II	3,964	2,548
Sheet Metal Workers' International Scholarship Fund	6,379	5,555
Reciprocal contributions	 419,167	 397,656
Total	\$ 1,948,803	\$ 1,758,828

NOTE 5. INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Accounting standards provide the framework for measuring fair value which provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described on the next page:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include other significant observable inputs including:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Plan's assets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Description	Description Total			Quoted Market Price for Assets (Level 1)	Ob	Other oservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets				_				
Common and privately held stock	\$	915,688,235	\$	914,457,421	\$	-	\$	1,230,814
Corporate obligations		434,528,283		-		434,528,283		-
United States Government and								
government agency obligations		502,738,423		321,425,713		181,312,710		-
Insurance company contracts		5,012,906		-		4,366,758		646,148
Short-term investments		274,019,387		-		274,019,387		-
Collateral held for securities								
on loan		364,215,790		-		364,215,790		-
		2,496,203,024	\$	1,235,883,134	\$	1,258,442,928	\$	1,876,962
Investments measured at net asset value*		3,513,365,704	_		-			
Total assets		6,009,568,728						
Liabilities								
Obligations to refund collateral		(364,215,790)	_			(364,215,790)		
Total liabilities	_	(364,215,790)	\$	-	\$	(364,215,790)	\$	
Total	\$	5,645,352,938						

NOTE 5. INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Description	 Quoted Market Significant Price for Other 12/31/18 Assets Observable Inputs Total (Level 1) (Level 2)		Price for Assets		Other servable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets							
Common and privately held stock	\$ 851,526,104	\$	850,386,884	\$	-	\$	1,139,220
Corporate obligations	400,627,219		-		400,627,219		-
United States Government and							
government agency obligations	372,192,276		234,227,658		137,964,618		-
Foreign obligations	304,315		-		304,315		-
Insurance company contracts	5,286,568		-		4,658,795		627,773
Short-term investments	274,256,055		2,023,435		272,232,620		-
Collateral held for securities							
on loan	410,693,161		-		410,693,161		-
	 2,314,885,698	\$	1,086,637,977	\$	1,226,480,728	\$	1,766,993
Investments measured at net asset value*	 2,837,006,430		<u> </u>		_		<u> </u>
Total assets	 5,151,892,128						
Liabilities							
Obligations to refund collateral	 (410,693,161)				(410,693,161)		
Total liabilities	 (410,693,161)	\$		\$	(410,693,161)	\$	
Total	\$ 4,741,198,967						

^{*}In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification, investments that were measured at net asset value per share (or its equivalent) have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table and previous table on previous page are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the line items presented in the statements of net assets available for benefits.

Following are descriptions of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Common stock and U.S. Treasury bills: The fair value of the Plan's investments in common stock and U.S. Treasury bills are valued using the quoted prices of identical investments on the active markets they are traded.

Corporate, foreign and other government agency obligations: The fair value of the Plan's investments in corporate, foreign and other government agency obligations are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

Short-term investments: Valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Insurance company contracts: Valued based on estimated amounts reported by the insurance company that holds the contracts.

Collateral held for securities on loan: Consists of cash, letters of credit issued by an entity other than the borrower, and securities. The collateral is marked to market daily based on the value of the underlying inputs.

Privately held stock: Value estimated based on independent audits of the investments and amounts reported by the investment manager or other investment consultants as applicable to the respective investment.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for the year ended December 31, 2019 of the net assets whose fair value has been determined using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is as follows:

]	Privately
Changes in Level 3	Ir	surance		Held
Category	Co.	Contracts		Stocks
Beginning balance - 1/1/2019	\$	627,773	\$	1,139,220
Net gains (losses)				
Realized		-		-
Unrealized		-		91,594
Purchases		18,851		-
Sales		(476)		
Ending balance - 12/31/2019	\$	646,148	\$	1,230,814

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for the year ended December 31, 2018 of the net assets whose fair value has been determined using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is as follows:

			-	Privately			
Changes in Level 3	Insurance			Held		Real	
Category	Co. Contracts			Stocks	Estate		
Beginning balance - 1/1/2018	\$	613,934	\$	2,179,897	\$	11,850,000	
Net gains							
Realized		-		-		(3,159,740)	
Unrealized		-		(208,336)		-	
Purchases		15,351		152,582		-	
Sales		(1,512)		(984,923)		(8,690,260)	
Ending balance - 12/31/2018	\$	627,773	\$	1,139,220	\$		

Authoritative guidance on fair value measurements permits the Plan to measure the fair value of an investment in an investment entity that does not have a readily determinable fair value based upon the net asset value per share (NAV) of the investment. This guidance does not apply if it is probable that the investment will be sold at a value different than NAV.

The Plan's investment in these investment entities is subject to the terms of the respective agreements. Income or loss from investments in these investment entities is net of the Plan's proportionate share of fees and expenses incurred or charged by these investment entities.

The Plan's risk of loss in these entities is limited to its investment. The Plan may increase or decrease its level of investment in these entities at its discretion. The Plan typically has the ability to redeem its investment from these entities on a daily or quarterly basis but longer lock-up periods can apply to certain investments.

The following table summarizes the Plan's investments in certain entities that calculate NAV per share as fair value measurement as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 by investment strategy:

								Redemption
		Fair '	Valu	e		Unfunded	Redemption	Notice
	2019		2018		C	ommitments	Frequency	Period
a. Hedge funds	\$	620,573,119	\$	395,083,878	\$	16,336,000	varies	varies
b. Common collective trusts		2,253,684,787		1,846,587,757		-	varies	varies
c. Mutual funds		195,667,980		167,392,988		-	quarterly	one year
d. Limited partnerships		269,791,862		275,927,671		208,238,000	varies	varies
e. Insurance company contracts		173,647,956		152,014,136		-	monthly	quarterly
	\$	3,513,365,704	\$	2,837,006,430				

The following summarizes the investment strategy for the Plan's investments in the table presented above which do not report as a direct filing entity (DFE) to the Department of Labor.

a. The Plan's investments in hedge funds consist of the following:

	 2019	 2018
Corbin ERISA Opportunity Fund	\$ 77,279,644	\$ 54,325,419
Grosvenor Enhanced Long/Short Equity Fund, Ltd.	-	48,747,502
Millenium International, Ltd.	54,459,626	-
Renaissance Institutional Equities Fund, LLC	64,422,712	56,431,467
Private Advisors Small Company Buyout Fund V	16,817,936	20,058,533
Private Advisors Small Company Private Equity Fund VI	13,504,353	13,336,969
Private Advisors Small Company Private Equity Fund VII	12,805,769	8,494,609
Private Advisors Hedged Equity Fund	128,435,759	120,455,496
SMART Opportunistic Fund, Ltd.	111,805,194	-
U.S. Real Estate Investment Fund, LLC	84,925,109	27,723,120
WMQS Global Equity Active Extension Offshore Fund, Ltd.	 56,117,017	 45,510,763
Total	\$ 620,573,119	\$ 395,083,878

Corbin ERISA Opportunity Fund seeks to invest to achieve a substantial return on capital through opportunistic investments primarily in a broad range of public and private credit instruments. This investment can be redeemed quarterly with a notice period of 65 days.

Grosvenor Enhanced Long/Short Equity Fund, Ltd. utilizes a long/short trading strategy. The underlying investments are primarily comprised of equity hedge fund portfolios and are valued based on the net asset value as reported by the respective investment manager. There are no redemption restrictions. The investment can be redeemed monthly with notice period of 30 days

Millennium International, Ltd. invests substantially all of its capital in Millennium Offshore Intermediate, L.P. as a limited partner, which in turn invests substantially all of its capital in Millennium Partners, L.P. (MLP). MLP is engaged in the business of trading equities, fixed income products, options, futures and other financial instruments. Redemptions are permitted quarterly with a 180 day written notice.

Renaissance Institutional Equities Fund, LLC invests in a widely diversified portfolio consisting almost exclusively of listed global equity securities that are publicly traded on U.S. securities exchanges. Redemptions are permitted monthly with a 45 day written notice.

The four Private Advisors funds utilize a long/short trading strategy. The underlying investments are primarily comprised of equity hedge fund portfolios and are valued based on the NAV as reported by the respective investment manager. These investments have no redemption restrictions. Redemptions of the Private Advisors Hedged Equity Fund are permitted quarterly with a 65 day written notice. The Plan does not have redemption rights under the investment agreements for the remaining three investments.

SMART Opportunistic Fund, Ltd. invests primarily in offshore investment funds, investment partnerships and pooled investment vehicles. The investment can be redeemed quarterly.

U.S. Real Estate Investment Fund, LLC is an open-end, commingled real estate investment fund and is intended to have an indefinite term. The fund is organized for the objective of enabling its operating subsidiaries to make investments in real estate assets; owning managing, supervising, and disposing of such investments through its subsidiaries. The investment can be redeemed quarterly.

WMQS Global Equity Active Extension Offshore Fund, Ltd. primarily invests in a subset of the securities that comprise the MSCI Index, including publicly traded equities, equity swaps and equity options, but may invest in futures, foreign exchange and other financial instruments that are not part of the MSCI Index to hedge certain risks. Redemptions are permitted monthly with a 30 day written notice.

- b. The common collective trust category is comprised of nine investments, four of which report as DFEs. Three of these investments reporting as DFEs can be redeemed daily and the other can be redeemed quarterly with a one year redemption notice. The investment in AEW Core Property Trust (U.S.), Inc., which qualifies as a real estate investment trust under the IRC of 1986, as amended, is intended to be an open-end, long-term investment vehicle. This entity invests in real estate assets. The investment is valued at estimated fair valued based on the price that would be received to sell an asset between marketplace participants at the measurement date. Redemptions are restricted to quarterly with a 45day notification period. Four investments managed by the Legal & General Collective Investment Trust make up the remainder of the category. The investment objective of the MSCI ACWI Ex US Fund is to seek to match the risk and return characteristics of the MSCI ACWI Ex US Index by investing the assets of the portfolio primarily in publicly traded non-U.S. equity securities. The investment objectives of the S&P 400 Fund, S&P 500 Fund and S&P 600 Fund are to seek to match the risk and return characteristics of the S&P 400 Total Return Index, S&P 500 Total Return Index and S&P Small Cap 600 Total Return Index, respectively, by investing the assets of the portfolio primarily in publicly traded U.S. equity securities. These investments can be redeemed daily.
- c. The mutual fund category is comprised of three investments. The first investment is in an entity that invests primarily in commercial real estate developments and acquisitions. The value is based on the appraised values of the underlying real estate. Redemptions are restricted to quarterly with a one-year notification period. The second investment's objective is to provide long-term growth of capital by investing primarily in equity securities of small-capitalization companies in countries represented in the S&P Developed ex-U.S. Small Cap Index. This investment can be redeemed daily. The third investment invests in floating rate leveraged loans and seeks to generate an attractive spread above LIBOR. This investment can be redeemed daily.

d. The Plan's investments in limited partnerships consists of the following:

	2019	2018
AEW Partners, L.P.	\$ 1,123,216	\$ 11,022,929
American Core Realty L.P.	104,361,780	74,382,587
Ares Energy Opportunity Fund	1,268,241	-
Avenue Asia Special Situations Fund V, L.P.	3,292,345	699,536
Carlyle Private Equity Access Blocker Fund, L.P.	23,298,360	18,603,193
Cramer, Rosenthal & McGlynn	13,835,774	-
Cerberus Institutional Partners	4,769	4,769
DCM, III L.P.	169,634	169,634
TCW/Cresent Mezzanine Partners	173	173
TL Ventures V, L.P.	28,535	28,535
Fortress Lending Fund I (B-I) L.P.		
Grosvenor Institutional Partners, L.P.	-	53,717,076
Goldman Sachs Private Equity Partners	7,445,353	9,957,857
Hamilton Lane City Line Partners L.P.	2,298,000	3,124,927
Hamilton Lane Secondary Aggregator L.P.	6,265,692	5,486,390
Invesco U.S. Buyout	11,743	11,743
Invesco Non-U.S. Partnership	166	166
McMorgan Infrastructure Fund I, L.P.	37,101,564	35,122,050
MHR Institutional Advisors II, L.P.	790,553	582,770
New View Capital Fund I, L.P.	5,571,691	4,543,034
OHA Credit Solutions Fund (Offshore), L.P.	3,850,823	-
Pantheon Access (ERISA), L.P.	12,809,673	6,503,844
Siguler Guff Distressed Real Estate Opportunities Fund II (E), L.P.	21,004,872	21,253,299
Siguler Guff Dreof II Co-investment Fund (E), L.P.	12,520,328	15,857,883
SK Capital Partners Fund V, L.P.	1,933,785	872,352
Townsquare Real Estate, L.P.	7,835,515	11,561,173
Webster Capital II-A, L.P.	2,969,277	2,421,751
Total	\$ 269,791,862	\$ 275,927,671

These investments seek to achieve long term-growth of capital consistent with risk reduction through diversification. The Plan estimates the fair value of their investments in limited partnerships based on the audited capital accounts and their respective percentage ownership as reported by the investment manager. These investments are subject to various restrictions on redemption and frequency. No one investment in this category exceeds 1% of total Plan investments.

e. The insurance company contracts category consists of one investment which reports as a DFE and can be redeemed monthly.

NOTE 6. PENSION BENEFITS

The Plan participates in SMART Local Unions and Councils Pension Plan (LUC), a multiemployer defined benefit retirement plan, which covers employees of the Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund. The risks of participating in this multiemployer plan are different from a single-employer plan in the following aspects:

- a. Assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers.
- b. If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers.
- c. If the Plan chooses to stop participating in some of its multiemployer plans, it may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability.

The Plan's participation in LUC for the annual periods ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 is outlined in the table below. The "EIN/Pension Plan Number" column provides the Employee Identification Number (EIN) and the three-digit plan number, if applicable. The most recent Pension Protection Act (PPA) zone status available in 2019 and 2018 for LUC's year-end is as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The zone status is based on information that the Plan received from LUC and is certified by the LUC's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65 percent funded, plans in the yellow zone are less than 80 percent funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80 percent funded. The "FIP/RP Status Pending/Implemented" column indicates plans for which a financial improvement plan (FIP) or a rehabilitation plan (RP) is either pending or has been implemented.

		Pension Pro	tection Act	FIP/RP Status				
Pension	EIN/Pension	Zone	Status	Pending/	 Contribution	ns of	the Plan	Surcharge
Fund	Plan Number	2019	2018	Implemented	2019		2018	Imposed
Local Unions and Councils' Pension Plan	46-4039786 333	Green	Green	N/A	\$ 674,657	\$	665,486	N/A

The Plan was listed in SMART Local Unions and Councils Pension Plan's 2018 Form 5500 as providing more than 5% of the total contributions for the plan's year-end.

NOTE 7. ACTUARIAL INFORMATION

The most recent actuarial valuations of the Plan were made as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 by The Segal Company. Information shown in the reports included the following:

	2019	2018
Actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits	 	
Vested benefits		
Participants or beneficiaries currently		
receiving payments	\$ 4,436,856,196	\$ 4,294,083,817
Other vested benefits	 3,217,443,410	 3,139,466,960
	7,654,299,606	7,433,550,777
Non-vested benefits	390,116,931	394,149,219
Total actuarial present value of		
accumulated plan benefits	8,044,416,537	7,827,699,996
Net assets available for benefits	 5,794,474,602	 4,874,879,138
Excess of actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits over net assets available for		
benefits	\$ 2,249,941,935	\$ 2,952,820,858

As reported by the actuary, the changes in the present value of accumulated plan benefits during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	 2019	 2018
Actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits at beginning of year	\$ 7,827,699,996	\$ 7,737,632,788
Change during the period attributed to		
Benefits paid	(509,632,653)	(495,565,753)
Interest	567,966,275	561,738,743
Benefits accumulated, experience gains or loss	158,072,732	109,433,169
Changes in assumptions	-	(86,432,482)
Plan amendments	 310,187	 893,531
Actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits		
at end of year	\$ 8,044,416,537	\$ 7,827,699,996

NOTE 7. ACTUARIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Contribution rates increased according to the Rehabilitation Plan. Since benefit accruals are tied directly to contribution rates, the contribution rate increases are treated as plan amendments.

Some of the more significant actuarial assumptions and methods used in estimating the present value of accumulated plan benefits were:

Mortality Rate - Healthy: 103% of the RP-2006 Male Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table and 108% of the Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018. Disabled Mortality: 90% of the RP-2006 Disabled Male Retiree Mortality Table and 100% of the Disabled Female Retiree Mortality Table, both projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018. generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018.

Rates of Retirement - Ages 55 to 70. Terminated vested participants are assumed to retire at the earliest possible retirement age.

Investment Rate of Return - 7.5%.

Cost Method - Unit credit cost method.

Percent Married - 80%

Administrative Expense - \$15,000,000 and \$14,500,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

A change was made to the Plan relating to the Active Service Requirement for the Full Disability Benefit. The above actuarial assumptions are based on the presumption that the Plan will continue. Were the Plan to terminate, different actuarial assumptions and other factors might be applicable in determining actuarial results. Through December 31, 2019, the Plan's actuary has determined the Plan has met the minimum funding requirements of ERISA.

The Plan is certified in endangered (yellow zone) status.

Plan contributions are made and the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits are reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimations and assumptions process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near term would be material to the financial statements.

NOTE 8. PRIORITIES UPON TERMINATION

Whether all participants receive their benefits should the Plan terminate at some future time will depend on the sufficiency, at that time, of the Plan's net assets to provide those benefits and may also depend on the level of benefits guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC). The PBGC provides financial assistance to plans to help them avoid insolvency.

NOTE 8. PRIORITIES UPON TERMINATION (CONTINUED)

Should a plan become insolvent, the PBGC guarantees certain benefits to participants; however, the benefits guaranteed are generally only a portion of the normal pension benefit. In addition, no benefit increases as a result of plan amendments in effect for less than five years are guaranteed.

NOTE 9. 401(H) ACCOUNT

The Plan was amended to include a medical-benefit component, in addition to the normal retirement benefits to fund a portion of the postretirement obligations for retirees and their beneficiaries, in accordance with IRC Section 401(h). A separate account has been established and maintained in the Plan for the net assets related to the medical-benefit component (401(h) account). In accordance with IRC Section 401(h), the Plan's investments in the 401(h) account may not be used for, or diverted to, any purpose other than providing health benefits for retirees and their beneficiaries. The related obligations for health benefits are not included in this Plan's financial statements. Employer contributions to the 401(h) account are determined periodically and are at the discretion of the Plan Sponsor.

Certain portion of the Plan's net assets are restricted to fund a portion of postretirement health benefits for retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with IRC Section 401(h).

The following is a reconciliation of net assets available for pension benefits per the financial statements to the Form 5500:

	December 31,				
		2019		2018	
Net assets available for					
benefits per the financial					
statements	\$	5,794,474,602	\$	4,874,879,138	
Net assets held in 401(h) account					
included as assets in Form 5500		576,020		604,466	
Net assets available for benefits per					
the Form 5500	\$	5,795,050,622	\$	4,875,483,604	

The net assets of the 401(h) account included in Form 5500 are not available to pay pension benefits but can be used only to pay retiree health benefits.

The following is a reconciliation of the changes in net assets per the financial statements to the Form 5500:

Year Ended December 31, 2019								
		Amounts						
	I	Per Financial		401(h)	A	Amounts Per		
		Statements		Account		Account		Form 5500
Contributions	\$	601,187,873	\$	5,671,554	\$	606,859,427		
Benefits	\$	509,632,653	\$	5,700,000	\$	515,332,653		

NOTE 10. WITHDRAWAL LIABILITY

The Plan assesses withdrawal liability to employers who have withdrawn from the Plan in accordance with plan provisions and related regulations. Amounts assessed as withdrawal liability contributions are recorded as receivable when collection of the assessment appears reasonably certain. Once the receivable is recorded, a portion of each payment received reduces the receivable and a portion is recorded as interest income on withdrawal liability contributions. Plan's legal counsel reviews annually the payment status of each employer for the purpose of determining an allowance for doubtful collection. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, withdrawal liability contributions of \$111,881,688 and \$114,860,804, respectively, was recorded as receivable. An allowance for doubtful collection of \$100,383,665 and \$99,551,318, respectively, has been recorded as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

NOTE 11. LITIGATION

The Plan is involved in legal proceedings and claims of various types. In the opinion of the Plan's management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial status of the Plan.

NOTE 12. SECURITIES LENDING ACTIVITIES

The Trustees of the Plan have entered into an agreement with the Plan's custodial bank as of January 1, 1998, which authorizes the bank to lend securities held in the Plan's accounts to third parties. The bank must obtain collateral from the borrower in the form of cash, letters of credit issued by an entity other than the borrower, or acceptable securities.

Both the collateral and the securities loaned are marked-to-market on a daily basis so that all loaned securities are fully collateralized at all times. In the event that the loaned securities are not returned by the borrower, the bank will, at their own expense, either replace the loaned securities or, if unable to purchase those securities on the open market, will credit the Plan's accounts with cash equal to the fair value of the loaned securities.

Effective March 1, 2015, the split in income derived from the securities lending activities is 80% and 20% between the Plan and the custodial bank. "Interest and dividend income" reported in the accompanying statements of changes in net assets available for pension benefits includes \$1,363,271 and \$2,709,340 earned by the Plan during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, in connection with the securities lending program.

NOTE 12. SECURITIES LENDING ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Although the Plan's securities lending activities are collateralized as described above, and although the terms of the securities lending agreement with the custodial bank requires it to comply with government rules and regulations related to the lending of securities held by ERISA plans, the securities lending program involves both market and credit risk. In this context, market risk refers to the possibility that the borrower of securities will be unable to collateralize their loan upon a sudden material change in the fair value of the loaned securities or the collateral, or that the bank's investment of cash collateral received from the borrowers of the Plan's securities may be subject to unfavorable market fluctuations. Credit risk refers to the possibility that counterparties involved in the securities lending program may fail to perform in accordance with the terms of their contracts, respectively.

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the fair value of securities loaned was \$356,211,331 and \$401,607,955, respectively, while the cash collateral held was \$364,215,790 and \$410,693,161, respectively.

The Plan has segregated securities on loan to third parties from other investments on the statements of net assets available for pension benefits and has also reported the cash collateral held for securities on loan, and a corresponding liability to return the collateral.

NOTE 13. FUTURE MINIMUM LEASE PAYMENTS

In August of 2012, the Plan entered into an operating lease agreement for office space in Fairfax, Virginia. The lease is for a period of 128 months and includes an eight month rent abatement period, as well as, a tenant improvement allowance. The agreement terminates on March 31, 2023.

Minimum annual rental and lease commitments under the lease at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

December 31,	2020	\$ 731,434
	2021	757,034
	2022	783,530
	2023	 199,824
		\$ 2,471,822

Total rental expense was \$637,269 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Subsequent to year end, the Plan reached an early termination agreement with the landlord and intends to move out in February 2021 under a new lease agreement. Therefore, the minimum annual rental and lease commitments described above have changed.

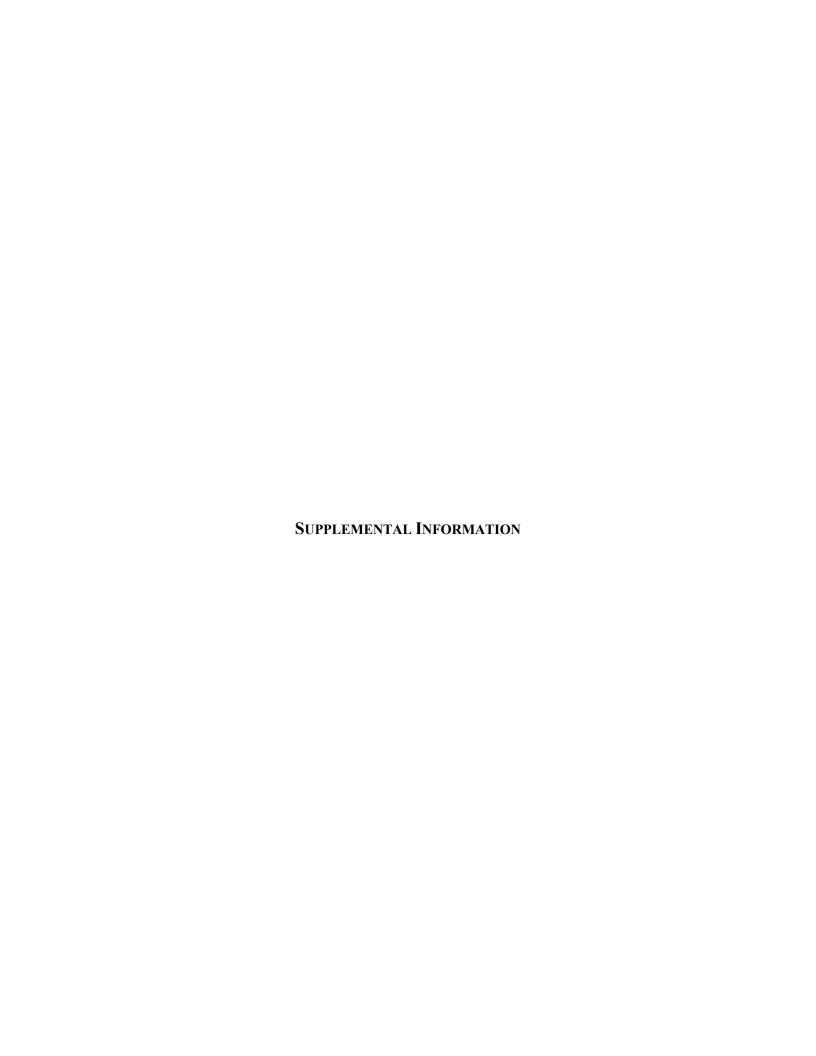
NOTE 14. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net assets available for benefits.

Plan contributions are made, and the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits is reported, based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates; inflation rates; and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to the uncertainties inherent in the estimations and assumptions process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near term would be material to the financial statements.

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year-end, U.S. and global business and financial markets have been severely impacted by the Coronavirus pandemic. The potential impacts on the Plan's financial condition and activities cannot be determined at this time. All subsequent events have been evaluated through September 30, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. This review and evaluation revealed no other material events or transactions which would require an adjustment to or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.



SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES

Years Ended December 31,2019 and 2018

	2019		2018	
Investment consulting fees and expenses				
Graystone	\$	2,269,803	\$ 2,150,881	
BNY Mellon		380,633	336,569	
Zeno Consulting Group		32,500	32,500	
Custodian fees				
BNY Mellon		207,368	223,934	
Insurance contract administration charges				
AND MANAGEMENT FEES		-	9,313	
Investment manager fees		7,837,200	 7,929,905	
	\$	10,727,504	\$ 10,683,102	

SCHEDULES OF LEGAL FEES AND EXPENSES

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019		2018	
Slevin & Hart, P.C.	\$ 69,371	\$	306,629	
Jennings Sigmond	6,257		31,227	
Jeffrey Dubin	700		22,601	
Bredhoff & Kaiser PLLC	15,452		28,070	
O'Donoghue & O'Donoghue LLP	89,236		-	
Mooney, Green, Saindon, Murphy & Welch	283,318		376,625	
Others	 174,039		111,754	
	\$ 638,373	\$	876,906	

SCHEDULES OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Actuarial fees	\$ 255,000	\$ 255,000
Administrative charges - John Hancock	52,002	55,998
Audit and accounting fees	94,000	94,000
Bank charges	64,102	26,214
Computer processing	1,062,853	469,913
Consulting	701,057	611,453
Employee fringe benefits	1,125,043	1,280,110
Employer contributions compliance	842,490	773,437
Equipment rental and maintenance	32,858	26,582
Insurance	59,798	60,902
Legal fees and expenses	638,373	876,906
Office supplies and expense	276,028	394,539
Office lease	637,269	637,269
Pension contribution	674,657	665,486
Postage/mailing	347,967	363,690
Printing	255,732	51,424
Salaries	4,046,992	3,923,833
Reimbursement of legal costs	(42,986)	(106,725)
Seminars	9,322	8,918
Social Security Administration	60,000	18,000
Storage	14,355	11,914
Subscriptions and periodicals	19,864	30,533
Taxes - payroll	294,533	301,070
Taxes - other	13,668	16,127
Telephone	17,568	1,582
Third party administrative fees	-	10,895
Travel and meetings	47,654	66,879
Trustee liability insurance	545,168	557,296
Trustee meeting expense	8,796	6,482
	12,154,163	11,489,727
Less: administrative reimbursements from		
affiliated organizations	(1,559,313)	(1,805,506)
Total	<u>\$ 10,594,850</u>	\$ 9,684,221