

Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund

Withdrawal Liability Valuation as of December 31, 2021



This report has been prepared at the request of the Board of Trustees for the purposes of establishing the basis for withdrawal liability assessments during the January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 period. This report may not otherwise be copied or reproduced in any form without the consent of the Board of Trustees and may only be provided to other parties in its entirety. The measurements shown in this report may not be applicable for other purposes.

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September 28, 2022

Board of Trustees
Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund
Falls Church, Virginia

Dear Trustees:

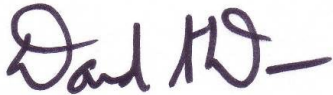



This report summarizes and reviews the Plan's status and experience with respect to employer withdrawal liability. It outlines the withdrawal liability method adopted and explains the calculation of the amount of liability of a withdrawn employer. It also establishes the basis for assessments of withdrawal liability for a withdrawal during the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

The actuarial calculations were completed under the supervision of Daniel V. Ciner, MAAA, Enrolled Actuary. The basic participant and financial data used in this report are the same as those used in the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. The benefit provisions included in the calculations are those that were in effect on December 31, 2021. The method described in the PBGC Technical Update 10-3 has been used to account for reductions in benefits that occurred as a result of implementation of the Rehabilitation Plan when the Plan was in critical (Red Zone) status.

We look forward to reviewing this report with you at your next meeting and to answering any questions you may have.

Sincerely,

Segal

By:    

David A. Dean, EA Consultant	Daniel V. Ciner, MAAA, EA Senior Vice President and Actuary	Jonathan P. Scarpa, FSA, MAAA, EA Vice President and Consulting Actuary	Matthew C. Pavesi Senior Vice President and Benefits Consultant
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Section 1: Actuarial Valuation Summary

Important information about withdrawal liability valuations

A withdrawal liability valuation is prepared to assist in the determination and assessment of withdrawal liability. It is a forecast of future uncertain obligations of a pension plan. As such, the forecast will never precisely match the actual stream of benefits and expenses to be paid.

In order to prepare withdrawal liability valuations, Segal relies on a number of input items. These include:

Plan Provisions	Plan provisions define the rules that will be used to determine benefit payments, and those rules, or the interpretation of them, may change over time. It is important for the Trustees to keep Segal informed with respect to plan provisions and administrative procedures, and to review the plan summary included in our report to confirm that Segal has correctly interpreted the plan of benefits. For an employer withdrawing in a particular plan year, the relevant plan provisions are those in effect at the end of the prior plan year.
Participant Information	The present value of vested benefits, upon which withdrawal liability for an employer is determined, is based on data provided to the actuary by the plan. Segal does not audit such data for completeness or accuracy, other than reviewing it for obvious inconsistencies compared to prior data and other information that appears unreasonable. It is not necessary to have perfect data for a valuation: the valuation is an estimated forecast, not a prediction. Notwithstanding the above, it is important for Segal to receive the best possible data and to be informed about any known incomplete or inaccurate data.
Financial Information	The withdrawal liability valuation is based on the asset values as of the valuation date, typically reported by the auditor. The allocation of the unfunded present value of vested benefits to an employer is based on its detailed obligated contribution information as well as that for other participating employers, as provided by the plan.
Actuarial Assumptions	In measuring the present value of vested benefits for withdrawal liability purposes, Segal starts by developing a forecast of the vested benefits to be paid to existing plan participants for the rest of their lives and the lives of their beneficiaries. This requires actuarial assumptions as to the probability of death and retirement. The forecasted benefits are then discounted to a present value. The actuarial model used to develop the present value of vested benefits for withdrawal liability purposes may use approximations and estimates that will have an immaterial impact on our results. In addition, the actuarial assumptions may change over time, and while this can have a significant impact on the reported results, it does not mean that the previous assumptions or results were unreasonable or wrong.
Models	Segal valuation results are based on proprietary actuarial modeling software. The actuarial valuation models generate a comprehensive set of liability and cost calculations that are presented to meet regulatory, legislative and client requirements. Our Actuarial Technology and Systems unit, comprised of both actuaries and programmers, is responsible for the initial development and maintenance of these models. The models have a modular structure that allows for a high degree of accuracy, flexibility and user control. The client team programs the assumptions and the plan provisions, validates the models, and reviews test lives and results, under the supervision of the responsible actuary.

Section 1: Actuarial Valuation Summary

Given the above, the user of Segal's withdrawal liability valuation report (or other actuarial calculations) needs to keep the following in mind:

The withdrawal liability valuation report is prepared for use by the Trustees. It includes information relative to the provisions of ERISA pertaining to withdrawal liability. Segal is not responsible for the use or misuse of its report, particularly by any other party.

A withdrawal liability valuation is a measurement as of a specific date — it is not a prediction of a plan's future financial condition. Accordingly, Segal did not perform an analysis of other potential financial measurements.

The measurements in this report are not necessarily appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of Plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the Plan's benefit obligations or the need for or the amount of future contributions.

Segal does not provide investment, legal, accounting, or tax advice. This withdrawal liability valuation report is based on Segal's understanding of applicable guidance in these areas and of the plan's provisions, but may be subject to alternative interpretations. The Trustees should look to their other advisors for expertise in these areas.

While Segal maintains extensive quality assurance procedures, a withdrawal liability valuation involves complex computer models and numerous inputs. In the event that an inaccuracy is discovered after presentation of Segal's results, Segal may revise that valuation report or make an appropriate adjustment in the next valuation.

Segal's withdrawal liability report shall be deemed to be final and accepted by the Trustees upon delivery and review. Trustees should notify Segal immediately of any questions or concerns about the final content.

As Segal has no discretionary authority with respect to the management or assets of the Plan, it is not a fiduciary in its capacity as actuaries and consultants with respect to the Plan.

Section 1: Actuarial Valuation Summary

Significant issues in valuation year

- The unfunded vested liability as of December 31, 2021 is \$4.3 billion excluding Affected Benefits and reallocated pools, as compared to \$4.9 billion last year. A negative basic pool of \$197.3 million was established for 2021. The decrease in the unfunded vested liability since last year was primarily due to the increase in the PBGC interest rates coupled with the greater than expected investment return. In addition, a reallocated pool of \$0.7 million was established for 2021.
- The unamortized balance of the Affected Benefits pools, representing the value of benefit reductions under the Rehabilitation Plan when the Plan was in critical (Red Zone) status, is \$178.1 million.
- The market value investment return for the year ended December 31, 2021 was 14.20%.
- Interest rates used to determine the funded portion of the present value of vested benefits changed from 1.62% for 20 years and 1.40% thereafter to 2.40% for 20 years and 2.11% thereafter (PBGC interest rates).
- Under the Plan's benefit accrual formula, based on applicable 3-year average market value investment returns, the Applicable Percentage changed from 0.50% for the 2020 Plan Year to 1.00% for the 2021 Plan Year.

Section 1: Actuarial Valuation Summary

Summary of key results

Plan Year Ending December 31		2020	2021
Demographic Data:	• Number of pensioners and beneficiaries ¹	49,524	49,475
	• Number of inactive vested participants ²	33,641	34,425
	• Number of active vested participants	43,785	43,821
	• Number of active vested participants	126,950	127,721
Interest Assumptions:	• Valuation (funding) interest rate	7.50%	7.50%
	• PBGC interest rates	1.62% for 20 years, 1.40% thereafter	2.40% for 20 years, 2.11% thereafter
Present Value of Vested Benefits:	• Present value of vested benefits at funding interest rate	\$7,798,392,188	\$8,026,750,455
	• Present value of vested benefits at PBGC rates, including allowance for expenses	17,686,411,197	15,909,640,425
	• Present value of vested benefits for withdrawal liability purposes	11,422,647,631	11,704,811,171
Unfunded Vested Liability:	• Market value of assets ⁴	\$6,482,600,001	\$7,423,244,986
	• Unfunded vested liability for withdrawal liability purposes (excluding Affected Benefits pools)	4,940,047,630	4,281,566,185
	• Unamortized balance of Affected Benefits pools	249,811,238	178,091,072
	• Unamortized balance of reallocated pools	61,740,537	57,561,962
	• Total amount allocable to withdrawing employers	5,251,599,405	4,517,219,219
Withdrawal Liability Pools Established:	• Basic pool	\$717,193,372	-\$197,329,489
	• Reallocated pool	10,935,730	674,611

1 Excludes alternate payees in pay status (1,384 for 2020 and 1,550 for 2021)

2 Excludes alternate payees with deferred benefits (477 for 2020 and 521 for 2021)

3 Includes liabilities for alternate payees

4 Includes net withdrawal liability receivable

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

Determination of withdrawal liability

The Multiemployer Pension Plan Amendments Act of 1980 (MPPAA) requires assessment of withdrawal liability on an employer that withdraws from the Plan. In general, “withdrawal” means the employer has permanently ceased operations under the Plan or has permanently ceased to have an obligation to contribute to the Plan.

An employer in the construction industry is considered to have withdrawn from the Plan only if it continues (or within five years resumes) the same type of work in the jurisdiction of the labor contract.

Determination of unfunded vested liability

The amount of withdrawal liability is based on the Plan’s unfunded vested liability at the time of withdrawal. The “unfunded vested liability” refers to the value of vested benefits not covered by assets.

For withdrawal liability purposes, “vested benefits” are the benefits that are considered non-forfeitable if the participant incurs a permanent break in service. The value of these benefits is based on the Plan provisions as of the same date.

Determinations of the value of the liability for vested benefits are based on a set of actuarial assumptions. The law prescribes that the assumptions and methods used must be reasonable in the aggregate and “offer the actuary’s best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan.” It also authorizes the PBGC to promulgate assumptions and methods for use by the Plan’s actuary. However, the PBGC has not yet promulgated any assumptions or methods.

The actuarial assumptions and methods are reasonable (taking into account the experience of the Plan and reasonable expectations) and, in combination, represent the actuary’s best estimate of anticipated experience under the Plan to determine the unfunded vested benefits for withdrawal liability purposes.

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

The present value of vested benefits is based on a blend of two liability calculations. The first calculation is performed on a market value basis, using discount rates selected based on estimated annuity purchase rates available for benefits being settled, because withdrawal liability essentially settles an employer's obligation to the Plan. The second calculation uses the interest rate determined by the plan actuary for minimum funding, based on the expected return on current and future assets. For benefits that could be settled immediately, because assets on hand are sufficient to cover their market value, the first calculation basis is used: annuity purchase rates promulgated by PBGC under ERISA Sec. 4044 for multiemployer plans terminating by mass withdrawal on the measurement date. For benefits that cannot be settled immediately because they are not currently funded, the calculation uses the second basis: the interest rate used for plan funding calculations.

Allocation

The Plan's method of allocation is fully described in *Section 3, Exhibit A*. Briefly, the method involves prorating the unfunded vested liability as of December 31, 1979 plus (or minus) a proration of changes in that figure in each subsequent year before withdrawal. The original unfunded vested liability and each year's change are subject to 5% annual write-downs. This method is known as the "presumptive method" and is the method adopted by the Trustees.

The Trustees have adopted one modification to this method. In any year following a merger, the pools are restarted. Therefore, after the merger of Local 38 effective January 1, 1999, all liability pools established in 1998 or earlier were eliminated. The presumptive method was then reinitiated with a single liability pool set up for 1999 (i.e., the initial pool).

Another amount is added to the total amount to be allocated for possible withdrawal liability, namely, the amounts not collected because of bankruptcy, deductibles subtracted from amounts actually assessed, or other limitations on withdrawal assessments specified by law. These uncollected or nonassessable amounts are reallocated among the employer accounts and are also subject to 5% annual write-downs.

Also, a pool is added to the total amount representing the present value of vested benefits that were eliminated during the year due to implementation of the Rehabilitation Plan. This pool, called the Affected Benefits pool, is amortized over 15 years at the interest rate used for plan funding.

The PBGC has affirmed that a multiemployer plan may assess withdrawal liability to employers that withdraw even if the plan currently has no unfunded vested liability.

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

De minimis

Each withdrawal liability assessment is the total of the unamortized balances of the allocation amounts, as defined above, less a *de minimis* deductible. The deductible is \$50,000 but not more than ¾% of the Plan's unfunded vested liability. This deductible amount is reduced, dollar for dollar, by the amount by which the total of charges prorated to the employer exceeds \$100,000.

Payment of withdrawal liability

The total amount of an employer's withdrawal liability is not ordinarily payable in a lump sum. The law sets forth a basis for calculating annual amounts, to be paid in quarterly installments unless the plan has fixed some other schedule, and there is a 20-year payment maximum. The payment schedule adopted by the Trustees is more fully detailed in *Section 3, Exhibit A*.

Under certain circumstances, as allowed by ERISA, the Trustees may require immediate payment of withdrawal liability assessments.

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

Unfunded vested liability

The determination of the unfunded vested liability is based on the actuarial assumptions and methods and plan of benefits described in *Section 4* of this report.

Changes since prior year

The following assumption changes were made since last year's determination:

- PBGC interest rates changed from 1.62% for 20 years and 1.40% thereafter to 2.40% for 20 years to 2.11% thereafter.
- Under the Plan's benefit accrual formula, based on applicable 3-year average market value investment returns, the Applicable Percentage changed from 0.50% for the 2020 Plan Year to 1.00% for the 2021 Plan Year.

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

Basic pools

The Plan's unfunded vested liability for withdrawal liability purposes for each of the past 20 plan years is detailed below.

The chargeable change amount is determined as the unfunded vested liability for a given year less the greater of the sum of the previous unamortized balances or zero. The unamortized balance of each chargeable change is equal to the initial amount with a 5% write-down each year since the establishment of said amount.

Basic Pools as of December 31, 2021

Plan Year Ended December 31	Unfunded Vested Liability	Chargeable Change	Unamortized Balance of Chargeable Change
2002	\$2,279,737,125	\$695,678,342	\$34,783,917
2003	2,295,768,754	138,762,735	13,876,274
2004	2,556,022,442	389,922,930	58,488,440
2005	2,626,361,805	219,504,752	43,900,950
2006	3,125,995,466	659,774,289	164,943,572
2007	3,283,243,150	350,377,024	105,113,107
2008	2,905,946,043	-166,648,911	-58,327,119
2009	3,213,007,196	509,376,896	203,750,758
2010	3,541,489,308	556,266,708	250,320,019
2011	3,875,896,499	590,005,117	295,002,559
2012	4,275,068,600	684,270,284	376,348,656
2013	4,115,908,264	160,151,360	96,090,816
2014	4,407,461,882	618,872,884	402,267,375
2015	4,856,394,008	807,195,035	565,036,525
2016	5,094,416,662	636,645,316	477,483,987
2017	4,896,667,337	232,705,600	186,164,480
2018	4,805,880,634	351,303,507	298,607,981
2019	4,661,458,225	315,232,971	283,709,674
2020	4,940,047,630	717,193,372	681,333,703
2021	4,281,567,863	-197,329,489	-197,329,489
Total			\$4,281,566,185

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

Reallocated amounts

Withdrawing employers are charged with prorated shares of the “nonassessable” or “uncollectible” liabilities that are reallocated. Reallocation is more fully described in *Section 3, Exhibit A*.

Each annual reallocated amount is written down by 5% of the original amount for each full year from the date that it was originally determined to the end of the plan year preceding withdrawal.

During the 2021 plan year, there was \$100,000 that was non-assessable as a result of de minimis amounts. Additionally, there were \$574,611 in withdrawal liability payments that were deemed non-collectible. As a result, a reallocated pool equal to \$674,611 was established as of December 31, 2021, as shown in the chart on the following page.

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

Reallocated Pools as of December 31, 2021

Plan Year Ended December 31	Initial Value	Unamortized Balance
2002	\$754,760	\$37,738
2003	1,694,632	169,463
2004	4,470,812	670,622
2005	584,963	116,993
2006	1,768,092	442,023
2007	2,740,446	822,134
2008	842,692	294,942
2009	5,087,176	2,034,870
2010	9,185,020	4,133,259
2011	6,839,258	3,419,629
2012	8,571,492	4,714,321
2013	6,629,378	3,977,627
2014	13,269,251	8,625,013
2015	8,756,994	6,129,896
2016	734,153	550,615
2017	10,648,767	8,519,014
2018	705,984	600,086
2019	1,377,958	1,240,162
2020	10,935,730	10,388,944
2021	674,611	674,611
Total		\$57,561,962

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

Affected benefits pools

The Affected Benefits pools (as described in PBGC Technical Update 10-3) represent the present value of vested benefits that were eliminated each year due to implementation of the Rehabilitation Plan when the Plan was in critical (Red Zone) status. These pools are amortized over 15 years at the interest rate used for plan funding for the plan year for which the pool was established.

No Affected Benefits pools are established for years that the Plan was not certified to be in critical status.

Affected Benefits Pools as of December 31, 2021

Plan Year Ended December 31	Initial Value	Unamortized Balance
2008	\$715,689,683	\$145,581,742
2009	97,042	28,589
2010	71,615,261	27,173,402
2011	9,317,175	4,270,500
2012	165,983	88,262
2013	1,580,864	948,577
2014	0	0
2015	0	0
2016	0	0
2017	0	0
2018	0	0
2019	0	0
2020	0	0
2021	0	0
Total		\$178,091,072

Section 2: Actuarial Valuation Results

Withdrawal liability experience

For the last plan year, the Fund received \$4,527,732 from withdrawal liability assessments. These serve to fund the Plan in the same manner as employer contributions. Currently, 38 withdrawn employers are making withdrawal liability payments.

An employer is entitled to be advised, upon its request, of the amount of its potential withdrawal liability.

Section 3: Supplementary Information

Method for allocating withdrawal liability

The Plan determines the liability of an employer that has completely withdrawn on the basis of the statutory presumptive method defined in Section 4211(b) of ERISA, modified to restart the pools following a year in which there is a merger. This occurred most recently after Local 38 merged into the Plan effective January 1, 1999.

The liability of an employer for complete withdrawal from the Plan is determined as the sum of the unamortized balances, as of the end of the plan year preceding withdrawal, of the employer's prorated shares of each of the following:

- The Plan's unfunded vested liability as of December 31, 1999
- The change in the Plan's unfunded vested liability as of the end of each subsequent plan year (to the end of the plan year preceding withdrawal)
- Reallocated amounts that would have been payable to the Plan as withdrawal liability payments for withdrawals in preceding years, except that they were nonassessable under certain statutory provisions or not collectible
- Amounts representing the present value of vested benefits eliminated due to implementation of the Rehabilitation Plan (Affected Benefits)

Unamortized balances

The "unamortized balance" of each of these sources of liability assessment (other than Affected Benefits pools) is determined by reducing each figure by 5% of its original amount for each full year from the end of the plan year as of which the charge was originally determined to the end of the plan year immediately preceding withdrawal. The Affected Benefits pools are amortized over 15 years at the interest rate used for plan funding for the Plan Year for which the pool was established.

Initial amount

The Plan's unfunded vested liability as of December 31, 1999 was determined by subtracting the market value of Plan assets from the value of vested benefits under the Plan.

Section 3: Supplementary Information

Annual changes

The change in the Plan's unfunded vested liability as of the end of any plan year is generally determined as follows:

- By establishing the Plan's unfunded vested liability as of the end of that plan year
- By subtracting the total, not less than zero, of (a) the unamortized balance of the unfunded vested liability as of December 31, 1999 and (b) the unamortized balances of each previous annual change after December 31, 1999

A "positive" change represents an unfunded vested liability greater than the total of the unamortized balances and is an addition to potential liability assessments for future withdrawals. A "negative" change represents an unfunded vested liability lower than the total of unamortized balances and is a credit against amounts that would otherwise determine potential liability assessments for future withdrawals.

Reallocated amounts

The total amount, if any, of unfunded vested liability determined in any plan year after December 31, 1999 to be nonassessable or uncollectible with respect to employers that withdrew is established as an amount to be prorated among each of the participating employers as an additional withdrawal liability amount. Nonassessable amounts consist of amounts deducted under the *de minimis* rule (ERISA Section 4209), amounts not payable because of the 20-year limit (ERISA Section 4219(c)(1)), and amounts not payable because of the limitations in the event of sale of all of the employer's assets (ERISA Section 4225). Uncollectible amounts consist of amounts that the Trustees have determined are uncollectible for reasons arising out of cases under federal bankruptcy law or similar proceedings. They also include any other amount of assessed liability determined by the Plan's Trustees to be uncollectible.

Each annual amount of reallocable nonassessables and uncollectibles is written down by 5% of the original amount for each full year from the date as of which it was originally determined to the end of the plan year preceding withdrawal.

Section 3: Supplementary Information

Affected benefits

A pool is added to the total amount representing the value of vested benefits that were eliminated during the year due to implementation of the Rehabilitation Plan when the Plan was in critical (Red Zone) status. This pool, called the Affected Benefits pool, is amortized over 15 years at the interest rate used for plan funding for the plan year for which the pool is established.

Proration to the employer

For determining the amount of its liability in the event of its complete withdrawal, the initial amount of unfunded vested liability, each annual change in the unfunded vested liability and each annual reallocable amount of nonassessable and uncollectible amounts is prorated to an employer on the basis of a ratio of contributions. The ratio is the employer's obligated contributions to the Plan to total employer contributions made to the Plan during an "apportionment base period," consisting of the 5 years ending with the end of the plan year as of which each of the amounts was determined.

The total of employer contributions with respect to an apportionment base period is reduced by any contributions otherwise included in the total that were made by a significant employer that withdrew from the Plan in or before the plan year in which the change or reallocation arose. The total is also reduced by any employer surcharges paid to a plan that resulted from the plan being in critical status under PPA '06. MPRA provides that contribution increases that go into effect after December 31, 2014 pursuant to a Funding Improvement or Rehabilitation Plan are also disregarded in determining the allocation of unfunded vested liability, unless the additional contributions are used to provide an increase in benefits.

Payment of withdrawal liability

A withdrawn employer's withdrawal liability assessment is payable in quarterly installments. The quarterly installment is calculated as one-fourth of the product of:

- The average base units in the three consecutive years that produce the highest average within the 10-year period ending before the plan year of withdrawal
- The highest contribution rate in the 10-year period ending with the plan year of withdrawal

Per MPRA, increases in the contribution rate required under a Funding Improvement or a Rehabilitation Plan that go into effect after December 31, 2014 are excluded from the determination of the highest rate in the 10-year period described above, unless the additional contributions are used to provide an increase in benefits.

Section 3: Supplementary Information

The number of quarterly installments is calculated on the basis of the amount of withdrawal liability and interest at the actuarial valuation rate used for funding purposes. Payments are limited to a maximum of 20 years.

Maintenance of allocations

Even if no employer withdrawal had occurred, an annual determination of the Plan's unfunded vested liability, and of any reallocable uncollectible withdrawal liability amounts, is required. The Plan must be in a position to allocate liability to any particular employer based on its contribution history. These procedures and records are necessary in order to be able to determine an assessment should withdrawal occur and also to respond to an inquiry from a participating employer as to the amount of its potential liability.

Partial withdrawal

The withdrawal may also be partial. A "partial withdrawal" occurs if there is a 70% decline in the number of contribution base units or there is a partial cessation of the employer's obligation to contribute. A 70% decline occurs if the contribution base units in the plan year and the preceding two plan years (the testing period) are less than 30% of contribution base units for the high base year. The "high base year" is the average of the base units in the two plan years in which the base units were the highest within the five plan years preceding the testing period. A partial withdrawal may also occur if an employer ceases to have an obligation to contribute under one or more, but not all of its collective bargaining agreements, and continues work in the jurisdiction, or if the employer permanently ceases to be obligated to contribute for work performed at one or more, but not all, of the facilities covered but continues the work at that facility.

For a construction-industry plan, a partial withdrawal occurs only if the employer is obligated to contribute to the plan for only an insubstantial portion of its continuing work of the type covered by the plan within the jurisdiction of the labor agreement.

Under a partial withdrawal, the amount of liability is equal to the amount of withdrawal liability for a complete withdrawal (net of any deductible), multiplied by a fraction, which is one minus a ratio. The ratio is that of the employer's contributory base units in the plan year following the year of the partial withdrawal to the employer's average contributory base units in the five plan years preceding the year of the partial withdrawal.

Plan reentry

PBGC has issued regulations describing the procedure to be followed in the event an employer reenters the Plan after incurring withdrawal liability. Withdrawal liability will be abated if the post-reentry level of contributory base units exceed 30% of the average of the contributory

Section 3: Supplementary Information

base units in the two plan years in which the base units were the highest within the five plan years preceding the plan year of withdrawal, provided the employer posts a bond or escrow account equal to 70% of the withdrawal liability payments otherwise due. In the event of a withdrawal following reentry, the withdrawal liability is adjusted to reflect prior withdrawal liability payments.

Section 3: Supplementary Information

Employer withdrawal liability worksheet for withdrawals from January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022

Employer Name:

Year Ended December 31 ¹	Unamortized Balance of Withdrawal Liability Pools			Contributions During 5-Year Period Ending With Date Pool Established		Liability Allocated: [(6) ÷ (5)] x [(2) + (3) + (4)]
	Basic Pools ²	Reallocated Pools ³	Affected Benefits Pools ⁴	Total Plan Contributions ⁵	Obligated Employer Contributions ⁶	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2002	\$34,783,917	\$37,738	\$0	\$1,156,086,641	\$	\$
2003	13,876,274	169,463	0	1,180,264,191		
2004	58,488,440	670,622	0	1,193,749,349		
2005	43,900,950	116,993	0	1,210,189,788		
2006	164,943,572	442,023	0	1,275,299,752		
2007	105,113,107	822,134	0	1,367,978,490		
2008	-58,327,119	294,942	145,581,742	1,498,738,835		
2009	203,750,758	2,034,870	28,589	1,579,997,694		
2010	250,320,019	4,133,259	27,173,402	1,618,194,282		
2011	295,002,559	3,419,629	4,270,500	1,654,151,482		
2012	376,348,656	4,714,321	88,262	1,689,780,634		
2013	96,090,816	3,977,627	948,577	1,706,299,106		
2014	402,267,375	8,625,013	0	1,791,923,116		
2015	565,036,525	6,129,896	0	1,947,039,073		
2016	477,483,987	550,615	0	2,112,433,865		
2017	186,164,480	8,519,014	0	2,284,129,430		
2018	298,607,981	600,086	0	2,491,259,424		
2019	283,709,674	1,240,162	0	2,672,928,838		
2020	681,333,703	10,388,944	0	2,758,301,968		
2021	-197,329,489	674,611	0	2,821,772,568		
A. Gross Liability: (Sum of Column 7)						\$
B. De minimis						\$50,000
C. Deductible: \$100,000 + (B) – (A), but not greater than (B) nor less than zero						\$
D. Net Allocable Share of Unfunded Vested Liability: (A) – (C), not less than zero and without regard to annual payment limitations						\$

1 Years not shown have no withdrawal liability component.

2 Original value of changes in unfunded vested liability, written down 5% per year.

3 Original value of nonassessable and uncollectible withdrawal liability, written down 5% per year.

4 Original value of Plan's vested benefits eliminated each year due to the Rehabilitation Plan when the Plan was in critical (Red Zone) status, amortized over 15 years at the interest rate used for plan funding for the Plan Year for which the pool was established.

5 Total Fund contributions for the Plan year listed and the four preceding years, excluding contributions from significant withdrawn employers who withdrew on or before the date the pool was established and disregarding certain contribution rate increases per MPRA, if applicable.

6 Obligated employer contributions for the Plan year listed and the four preceding years, including contributions owed but not yet paid and disregarding certain contribution rate increases per MPRA, if applicable.

7 Does not reflect impact of partial withdrawal, limitation on annual payments or sale of assets.

Section 4: Actuarial Certification

September 28, 2022

Actuarial Certification of Withdrawal Liability

This is to certify that Segal has prepared an Actuarial Valuation to calculate the pools used to assess withdrawal liability to employers who withdraw during the year beginning January 1, 2022. The calculations were performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices. This valuation report may not otherwise be copied or reproduced in any form without the consent of the Board of Trustees and may only be provided to other parties in its entirety.

The valuation was based on information supplied by the auditor with respect to contributions and assets and by the Plan Administrator with respect to the data required on participants. We have not verified and customarily would not verify such information, but we have no reason to doubt its substantial accuracy.

I am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and I meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion herein. To the best of my knowledge, the information supplied in this Actuarial Valuation is complete and accurate, except as noted in *Exhibit I*, and in my opinion the assumptions used, in the aggregate, (a) are reasonable (taking into account the experience of the Plan and reasonable expectations) and (b) represent my best estimate of anticipated experience under the Plan.



Daniel V. Ciner, MAAA
Senior Vice President and Actuary
Enrolled Actuary No. 20-05773

Section 4: Actuarial Certification

Exhibit A: Calculation of Unfunded Vested Liability

The valuation was made with respect to the following data supplied to us by the Plan Administrator:

Pensioners as of the valuation date (including 9,516 beneficiaries in pay status and 47 pensioners in suspended status)	49,475
Participants inactive during year ended December 31, 2021 with vested rights (including 183 beneficiaries with rights to deferred pensions and 55 participants with unknown age)	34,425
Participants active with vested rights (including 48 participants with unknown age)	43,821
Total participants	127,721

The actuarial factors as of the valuation date are as follows:

Present value of vested benefits at funding interest rate ¹	\$8,026,750,455
Present value of vested benefits at PBGC interest rates, including allowance for expenses	15,909,640,425
Market value of assets	7,423,244,986
Funded ratio at PBGC interest rates	0.466588
Present value of vested benefits for withdrawal liability purposes	\$11,704,811,171
Unfunded vested liability (excluding Affected Benefits pools)	4,281,566,185
Unamortized balance of Affected Benefits pools	178,091,072
Unamortized balance of reallocated pools	57,561,962
Total amount allocable to withdrawing employers	\$4,517,219,219

¹ Includes liabilities for 1,580 alternate payees in pay status and 521 alternate payees with deferred benefits who are excluded from the above counts.

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Exhibit B: Withdrawal Liability Pools

Pool Established December 31	Original Amount			Pool Balance on December 31, 2021 ¹		
	Basic Pool	Reallocated Pool	Affected Benefits Pool	Basic Pool	Reallocated Pool	Affected Benefits Pool
2002	\$695,678,342	\$754,760	\$0	\$34,783,917	\$37,738	\$0
2003	138,762,735	1,694,632	0	13,876,274	169,463	0
2004	389,922,930	4,470,812	0	58,488,440	670,622	0
2005	219,504,752	584,963	0	43,900,950	116,993	0
2006	659,774,289	1,768,092	0	164,943,572	442,023	0
2007	350,377,024	2,740,446	0	105,113,107	822,134	0
2008	-166,648,911	842,692	715,689,683	-58,327,119	294,942	145,581,742
2009	509,376,896	5,087,176	97,042	203,750,758	2,034,870	28,589
2010	556,266,708	9,185,020	71,615,261	250,320,019	4,133,259	27,173,402
2011	590,005,117	6,839,258	9,317,175	295,002,559	3,419,629	4,270,500
2012	684,270,284	8,571,492	165,983	376,348,656	4,714,321	88,262
2013	160,151,360	6,629,378	1,580,864	96,090,816	3,977,627	948,577
2014	618,872,884	13,269,251	0	402,267,375	8,625,013	0
2015	807,195,035	8,756,994	0	565,036,525	6,129,896	0
2016	636,645,316	734,153	0	477,483,987	550,615	0
2017	232,705,600	10,648,767	0	186,164,480	8,519,014	0
2018	351,303,507	705,984	0	298,607,981	600,086	0
2019	315,232,971	1,377,958	0	283,709,674	1,240,162	0
2020	717,193,372	10,935,730	0	681,333,703	10,388,944	0
2021	-197,329,489	674,611	0	-197,329,489	674,611	0

¹ Basic and reallocated pools are written down annually at the rate of 5% of the original amount. The Affected Benefits pools are amortized over 15 years at the interest rate used for plan funding for the year for which the pool was established.

Section 4: Actuarial Certification

Exhibit C: Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Rationale for Demographic Assumptions	The information and analyses used in selecting each demographic assumption that has a significant effect on this actuarial valuation are shown in the experience study report titled: "Demographic Experience Analysis: January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2017," dated April 2, 2019. Current data is reviewed in conjunction with each annual valuation. Based on professional judgment, no assumption changes are warranted at this time.
Investment Return	<p>To the extent the vested benefits are matched by the market value of plan assets on hand: interest assumptions prescribed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation under 29 C.F.R. Ch. XL, Part 4044, which are in effect for the applicable withdrawal liability valuation date, are used.</p> <p>PBGC Interest Rates as of December 31, 2021:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– First 20 years 2.40%– After 20 years 2.11% <p>To the extent the vested benefits are not matched by plan assets (at market), the interest assumption is the same as used for plan funding: 7.50%</p> <p>The portion of the vested benefits that is matched by readily available assets is determined by comparing the total present value of vested benefits plus expenses – <i>at PBGC rates</i> – with the total market value of assets; each vested benefit is treated as covered by assets to the same extent as all other vested benefits.</p> <p>The present value of vested benefits is based on a blend of two liability calculations. The first calculation is performed on a market value basis, using discount rates selected based on estimated annuity purchase rates available for benefits being settled, because withdrawal liability essentially settles an employer's obligation to the Plan. The second calculation uses the interest rate determined by the plan actuary for minimum funding, based on the expected return on current and future assets. For benefits that could be settled immediately, because assets on hand are sufficient to cover their market value, the first calculation basis is used: annuity purchase rates promulgated by PBGC under ERISA Sec. 4044 for multiemployer plans terminating by mass withdrawal on the measurement date. For benefits that cannot be settled immediately because they are not currently funded, the calculation uses the second basis: the interest rate used for plan funding calculations. Affected Benefits liabilities are valued at the same interest rate assumption used for plan funding for the plan year for which the pool is established.</p>

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Mortality Rates

- *Healthy Male Employee*: 103% of the RP-2006 Blue Collar Healthy Male Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018
- *Healthy Female Employee*: 108% of the RP-2006 Blue Collar Healthy Female Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018
- *Healthy Male Pensioner or Beneficiary*: 103% of the RP-2006 Blue Collar Male Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018
- *Healthy Female Pensioner or Beneficiary*: 108% of the RP-2006 Blue Collar Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018
- *Disabled Male*: 90% of the RP-2006 Disabled Male Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018
- *Disabled Female*: 100% of the RP-2006 Disabled Female Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally from 2006 with scale MP-2018

The above tables with generational projections to the ages of participants as of the measurement date reasonably reflect the mortality experience of the Plan as of the measurement date. The mortality tables were then adjusted to future years using the generational projection to reflect future mortality improvement between the measurement date and those years.

Annuitant Mortality Rates

Age	Rate (%) ¹			
	Healthy		Disabled	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
55	0.62%	0.46%	2.10%	1.53%
60	0.91%	0.70%	2.51%	1.91%
65	1.39%	1.00%	3.05%	2.22%
70	2.09%	1.51%	3.75%	2.82%
75	3.28%	2.47%	4.94%	4.09%
80	5.42%	4.24%	6.99%	6.27%
85	9.16%	7.47%	10.44%	9.62%
90	15.55%	12.96%	16.05%	14.24%

¹ Mortality rates are projected on a generational basis using Scale MP-2018. Rates above are sample rates in 2022.

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Employee Mortality Rates

Age	Rate (%)	
	Mortality ¹	
	Male	Female
20	0.06%	0.02%
25	0.08%	0.03%
30	0.08%	0.03%
35	0.09%	0.05%
40	0.11%	0.06%
45	0.14%	0.08%
50	0.23%	0.13%
55	0.37%	0.21%
60	0.65%	0.33%

¹ Mortality rates are projected on a generational basis using Scale MP-2018. Rates above are sample rates in 2022.

Retirement Rates for Active Participants

Age	Annual Retirement Rates		
	Not Eligible for Special Early	Eligible for Special Early but not for 55/30 (60/30) Pension	
		Eligible for 55/30 (60/30) Pension ¹	
55	5%	5%	30%
56-57	5	5	15
58	5	5	15
59	5	8	15
60	6	10	25
61	9	14	25
62	22	33	40
63	13	21	25
64	16	24	25
65-66	25	35	40
67-69	25	35	30
70	100	100	100

¹ Rate at first eligibility for 55/30 (60/30, if applicable) Pension is 30% or above rate at applicable age, if higher

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Retirement Rates for Inactive Vested Participants	Annual Retirement Rates			
	Age	Not Eligible for Special Early	Eligible for Special Early but not for 55/30 (60/30) Pension	
			Eligible for 55/30 (60/30) Pension	
	55	5%	15%	65%
	56	5	10	40
	57	5	10	45
	58	5	15	40
	59	5	15	25
	60	5	15	30
	61	5	20	30
	62	10	50	50
	63	10	30	50
	64	15	30	50
	65	35	35	50
	66-79	25	50	50
	80	100	100	100
Unknown Data for Participants	Same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.			
Percent Married	80%			
Age and Sex of Spouse	Spouse of male participant is assumed to be three years younger than the participant and spouse of female participant is assumed to be three years older than the participant. If the spouse's sex is not provided, the spouse is assumed to be the opposite sex of the participant.			
Benefit Election	50% of participants are assumed to elect a single life annuity, 20% of participants are assumed to elect a 50% joint and survivor annuity (with popup, if available), and 30% of participants are assumed to elect a 100% joint and survivor annuity (with popup, if available).			
Annual Administrative Expenses	\$10,000, plus \$200 per vested participant, plus a percentage (defined by statute) of the excess of the value of plan benefits over \$200,000, and is applicable to the portion of benefits that is matched by assets.			
Value of Assets	At market value			
Allocation Method	Presumptive, with fresh start in the year following a merger (most recently in 1999)			

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Contribution period for prorating liabilities	5 years. Contributions from significant withdrawn employers as of the date each pool is established are excluded. Contribution rate increases under the Funding Improvement Plan after December 31, 2014 are recognized if they result in increases in benefits.
De minimis Deductible	\$50,000, or 3/4 of 1% of the unfunded vested liability, if smaller. The deductible is reduced, dollar for dollar, if the gross assessment is in excess of \$100,000
Free Look	<p>An employer that would otherwise incur a complete withdrawal or a partial withdrawal will not be deemed to have withdrawn, despite the cessation of its obligation to contribute to the Plan, if all of the following conditions are met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The employer first had an obligation to contribute to the Plan on or after January 1, 2015. • The employer had an obligation to contribute to the Plan for no more than 48 consecutive calendar months, starting with the first month for which the employer is obligated to contribute to the Plan. • The employer was obligated to make Plan contributions for each year through the date of withdrawal in an amount that was less than 2% of the sum of all employer contributions made to the Plan for each of such years. • The employer has never before avoided full or partial withdrawal liability from the Plan under the Free Look provision. • Any past service credit otherwise grantable to participants (other than current pensioners) for employment with the employer is cancelled. • The ratio of the Fund's assets to benefit payments made during the year preceding the first plan year for which the employer was required to contribute to the Plan was at least 8-to-1.
Affected Benefits Pools	The Affected Benefits pools (as described by PBGC Technical Update 10-3) represent the present value of vested benefits that were eliminated each year due to implementation of the Rehabilitation Plan. Each pool is determined using the same interest rate assumption used for plan funding for the plan year for which it is established, and is amortized over 15 years at that interest rate.

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Exhibit D: Summary of Plan Provisions

This exhibit summarizes the major provisions of the Plan included in the valuation. It is not intended to be, nor should it be interpreted as, a complete statement of all plan provisions.

Plan Year	January 1 through December 31												
Pension Credit Year	January 1 through December 31												
Plan Status	Ongoing plan												
Regular Pension	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Age Requirement: 65 • <i>Service Requirement</i>: Five years of participation in the Plan • <i>Amount</i>: Described below. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – For service on and after January 1, 2014: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Participant's <i>Benefit Rate</i> multiplied by the participant's <i>Contribution Hours</i> for the Plan Year multiplied by the Applicable Percentage for the Plan Year. ❖ <i>Benefit Rate</i> is the portion of the participant's contribution rate that is subject to benefit accruals. For Participants working under a Collective Bargaining Agreement that qualifies for a 55/30 (or 60/30) Pension, the Benefit Rate is the total Contribution Rate less the 55/30 (or 60/30) Rate (30% of the Contribution Rate for periods after December 1, 2007). ❖ <i>Contribution Hours</i> are the hours for which contributions are required to be made for the participant's work in Covered Employment. ❖ <i>Applicable Percentage</i> is based on the average of the Plan's rate of market value investment return for each of the three most recent Plan Years reported in the Actuarial Valuation and Review as of January 1 of the immediately preceding Plan Year and is defined in the following table: <table border="1" data-bbox="724 1063 1732 1347"> <thead> <tr> <th>Applicable Percentage</th> <th>Average of Market Value Investment Return Percentages for 3 Most Recent Plan Years</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.25%</td> <td>10.0% or higher</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.00%</td> <td>8.5% or higher but less than 10.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.75%</td> <td>6.5% or higher but less than 8.5%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.50%</td> <td>Greater than 0% but less than 6.5%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.00%</td> <td>0.0% or less</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> 	Applicable Percentage	Average of Market Value Investment Return Percentages for 3 Most Recent Plan Years	1.25%	10.0% or higher	1.00%	8.5% or higher but less than 10.0%	0.75%	6.5% or higher but less than 8.5%	0.50%	Greater than 0% but less than 6.5%	0.00%	0.0% or less
Applicable Percentage	Average of Market Value Investment Return Percentages for 3 Most Recent Plan Years												
1.25%	10.0% or higher												
1.00%	8.5% or higher but less than 10.0%												
0.75%	6.5% or higher but less than 8.5%												
0.50%	Greater than 0% but less than 6.5%												
0.00%	0.0% or less												

❖ The above formula applies unless otherwise stated in a Funding Improvement Plan Option. Through this valuation date, all contribution rate increases pursuant to the Funding Improvement Plan have resulted in additional benefit accruals based on an increased Benefit Rate and the Applicable Percentage in effect for each Plan Year.

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Normal Retirement (continued)

- ❖ The Applicable Percentage for the 2021 Plan Year is 1.0%.
- **For service and on and after adoption of Rehabilitation Plan Schedule and before January 1, 2014:**
 - ❖ Default Schedule/Persons for Whom Contribution were Not Required to be Made (“Persons for Whom”): 1% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours for the Plan Year.
 - ❖ First Alternative Schedule: Same as accrual for service on and after December 1, 2007 and before adoption of Rehabilitation Plan Schedule.
 - ❖ Second Alternative Schedule: 1% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours for the Plan Year.
 - ❖ Formerly Alternative Schedule and Agreement Did Not Include Required Contribution Rate Increases - No Increase Consequences (“NIC”): 1% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours for the Plan Year.
- **For service and on and after December 1, 2007 and before adoption of Rehabilitation Plan Schedule:**
 - ❖ Employers that have not made required contribution rate increases: Same as accrual for service after August 31, 2003.
 - ❖ Employers that have made required contribution rate increases: 1.5% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours for the Plan Year (up to 1,200 hours), plus 0.7% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours (over 1,200 hours). The 1.5% multiplier is applied to the first 1,200 hours at the highest Benefit Rate in effect during the Plan Year.
- **For service and on and after August 31, 2003 and before December 1, 2007:**
 - ❖ 0.8571% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours (up to 1,400 hours), plus 0.3% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours (over 1,400 hours). For participants in 55/30 Locals, 80% of the total contribution rate is subject to benefit accruals. The 0.8571% multiplier is applied to the first 1,400 hours at the highest Benefit Rate in effect during the Plan Year.
 - ❖ Supplemental accruals:
Locals are required to increase their contribution rates subject to benefit accruals by 10% annually for eligibility. Participants of Locals that make the required increases earn a supplemental accrual that brings the total accrual to twice the normal rate in the year following the increase.
- **For service and on and after December 31, 1999 and before September 1, 2003:**
 - ❖ 1.7142% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours (up to 1,400 hours), plus 0.6% of the amount determined by multiplying the participant’s Benefit Rate by the participant’s Contribution Hours (over 1,400 hours). The 1.7142% multiplier is applied to the first 1,400 hours at the highest Benefit Rate in effect during the Plan Year.

Section 4: Actuarial Certification

Normal Retirement (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – For service before January 1, 2000: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Benefit accrued according to the rules of the Plan in effect on December 31, 1999 – Past service: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ \$10.00 for each year of Past Service Credit, if any, up to 10 years • <i>Post-Normal Retirement Age Adjustment:</i> Regular pension accrued at Normal Retirement Age (NRA), increased by 1.0% for each month greater than NRA, and 1.5% for each month greater than age 70.
Early Retirement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The following applies to all participants with an effective date of pension on or after February 1, 2014 retiring under an early retirement provision (Standard Early Retirement, Special Early Retirement, Age 62 Pension, 55/30 Pension, and 60/30 Pension). • Previously, the provisions described for benefits accrued before January 1, 2014 were in effect. Participant may be eligible for different early retirement provisions for pre-2014 and post-2013 accrued benefits. Portions of the post-2013 accrued benefits may also be subject different early retirement provisions depending on the classification of employment of the participant's Contribution Hours.
Standard Early Retirement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Age Requirement:</i> 55 • <i>Service Requirement:</i> Fulfill any one of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. 10 years of Pension Credits, including at least five years of Future Service Credit, or b. 10 years of Vesting Service, or c. 15 years of Pension Credits, including at least 12 months of Future Service Credit • <i>Amount:</i> Normal Retirement benefit reduced as described below. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – For benefits accrued on and after January 1, 2014: Reductions based on the participant's Funding Improvement Plan Option, which depends upon the Schedule or Rehabilitation Plan provision which applied to the classification of employment when the Plan was in critical status. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ <i>Default Option</i> Actuarially from age 65 (Unsubsidized Early Retirement Pension) ❖ <i>First Alternative Option</i> 6% per year from age 65 ❖ <i>Second Alternative Option</i> Actuarially from age 65 (Unsubsidized Early Retirement Pension) – For benefits accrued before January 1, 2014: Reductions based on the participant's Funding Improvement Plan Option, which depends upon the Schedule or Rehabilitation Plan provision which applied to the classification of employment when the Plan was in critical status. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ <i>Default Schedule/ Persons for Whom</i> Actuarially from age 65 (Unsubsidized Early Retirement Pension) ❖ <i>First Alternative Schedule</i> 6% per year from age 65 ❖ <i>Second Alternative Schedule</i> Actuarially from age 65 (Unsubsidized Early Retirement Pension) ❖ <i>NIC</i> Actuarially from age 65 (Unsubsidized Early Retirement Pension)

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Special Early Retirement

- *Age Requirement:* 55
- *Service Requirement:* Fulfill any one of the following:
 - a. 10 years of Pension Credits, including at least five years of Future Service Credit, or
 - b. 10 years of Vesting Service, or
 - c. 15 years of Pension Credits, including at least 12 months of Future Service Credit
- *Active Service Requirement:* Complete at least 3,500 hours of work in covered employment during the five consecutive calendar years immediately preceding retirement
- *Amount:* Normal Retirement benefit reduced as described below.
 - **For benefits accrued on and after January 1, 2014:**

Reductions based on the participant's Funding Improvement Plan Option, which depends upon the Schedule or Rehabilitation Plan provision which applied to the classification of employment when the Plan was in critical status.

 - ❖ *Default Option* Unavailable
 - ❖ *First Alternative Option* 6% per year from age 62
 - ❖ *Second Alternative Option* Unavailable
 - **For benefits accrued before January 1, 2014:**

Reductions based on the participant's Funding Improvement Plan Option, which depends upon the Schedule or Rehabilitation Plan provision which applied to the classification of employment when the Plan was in critical status.

 - ❖ *Default Schedule/ Persons for Whom* Unavailable
 - ❖ *First Alternative Schedule* 6% per year from age 62
 - ❖ *Second Alternative Schedule* Unavailable
 - ❖ *NIC* Unavailable

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Age 62 Pension

- *Age Requirement:* 62
- *Service Requirement:* Same as Special Early Retirement
- *Active Service Requirement:* Same as Special Early Retirement
- *Amount:* Described below.
 - **For benefits accrued on and after January 1, 2014:**

Reductions based on the participant's Funding Improvement Plan Option, which depends upon the Schedule or Rehabilitation Plan provision which applied to the classification of employment when the Plan was in critical status.

❖ <i>Default Option</i>	Unavailable
❖ <i>First Alternative Option</i>	Unavailable
❖ <i>Second Alternative Option</i>	Normal Retirement Benefit amount
 - **For benefits accrued before January 1, 2014:**

Amount based on the participant's Home Local Schedule (Rehabilitation Plan Schedule) when the Plan was in critical status.

❖ <i>Default Schedule/ Persons for Whom</i>	Unavailable
❖ <i>First Alternative Schedule</i>	Unavailable
❖ <i>Second Alternative Schedule</i>	Normal Retirement Benefit amount
❖ <i>NIC</i>	Normal Retirement Benefit amount

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55/30 Pension

- *Age Requirement:* 55
- *Service Requirement:* 30 years of Future Service Credit with at least 60 months of the last 120 months of Future Service Credit subject to a 55/30 Rate
- *Active Service Requirement:* Complete at least 3,500 hours of work in covered employment at 55/30 Rate during the five consecutive calendar years immediately preceding retirement
- *Amount:* Described below.
 - **For benefits accrued on and after January 1, 2014:**

Reductions based on the participant's Funding Improvement Plan Option, which depends upon the Schedule or Rehabilitation Plan provision which applied to the classification of employment when the Plan was in critical status.

❖ <i>Default Option</i>	Unavailable
❖ <i>First Alternative Option</i>	Normal Retirement Benefit amount
❖ <i>Second Alternative Option</i>	Unavailable
 - **For benefits accrued before January 1, 2014:**

Amount based on the participant's Home Local Schedule (Rehabilitation Plan Schedule) when the Plan was in critical status.

❖ <i>Default Schedule/ Persons for Whom</i>	Unavailable
❖ <i>First Alternative Schedule</i>	Normal Retirement Benefit amount
❖ <i>Second Alternative Schedule</i>	Unavailable
❖ <i>NIC</i>	Unavailable

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60/30 Pension	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Age Requirement:</i> 60 • <i>Service Requirement:</i> Same as 55/30 Pension • <i>Active Service Requirement:</i> Same as 55/30 Pension • <i>Amount:</i> Described below. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – For benefits accrued on and after January 1, 2014: <p>Reductions based on the participant’s Funding Improvement Plan Option, which depends upon the Schedule or Rehabilitation Plan provision which applied to the classification of employment when the Plan was in critical status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ <i>Default Option</i> Unavailable ❖ <i>First Alternative Option</i> Unavailable ❖ <i>Second Alternative Option</i> Normal Retirement Benefit amount – For benefits accrued before January 1, 2014: <p>Amount based on the participant’s Home Local Schedule (Rehabilitation Plan Schedule) when the Plan was in critical status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ <i>Default Schedule/ Persons for Whom</i> Unavailable ❖ <i>First Alternative Schedule</i> Unavailable ❖ <i>Second Alternative Schedule</i> Normal Retirement Benefit amount ❖ <i>NIC</i> Unavailable
Vesting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Age Requirement:</i> None • <i>Service Requirement:</i> Five years of Vesting Service • <i>Amount:</i> Regular or early pension accrued based on plan in effect when last active • <i>Normal Retirement Age:</i> 65
Spouse’s Pre-Retirement Death Benefit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Age Requirement:</i> None • <i>Service Requirement:</i> Has attained Vested Status • <i>Amount:</i> 50% of the monthly benefit the participant would have received had he/she terminated employment on his/her date of death and survived to his/her Early Retirement Date (or any later date elected by the spouse), retired and elected to receive benefits in the Normal Form of payment. • <i>When Paid:</i> Immediately if participant’s death occurred after attainment of his/her earliest retirement age, otherwise month in which the participant would have attained his/her earliest retirement age. If surviving spouse elects to receive payments before the month in which participant would have attained his/her earliest retirement age, the monthly benefit will be the actuarial equivalent of the amount described above.

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Post-Retirement Death Benefit

- **50% Joint and Survivor:** If married, pension benefits are paid in the form of a 50% joint and survivor annuity unless the participant and spouse reject this form. If not rejected, the benefit amount otherwise payable is reduced to reflect the joint and survivor coverage. If not rejected, the spouse predeceases the employee, and the employee retired on March 1, 1999 or later, the employee's benefit amount will subsequently be increased to the unreduced amount payable ("pop-up" feature) had the joint and survivor coverage been rejected. If rejected, or if not married, benefits are payable for the life of the employee, or in any other available optional form elected by the employee in an actuarially equivalent amount.

The "pop-up" feature is only applicable to pre-2014 benefits if the participant's Home Local Schedule/Rehabilitation Plan Schedule as of December 31, 2013 was the First Alternative Schedule or Second Alternative Schedule. It is only applicable to post-2013 benefits attributable to Contribution Hours worked under a collective bargaining agreement satisfying the required contribution rate increases under the Rehabilitation Plan First Alternative Schedule/Funding Improvement Plan First Alternative Option or Rehabilitation Plan Second Alternative Schedule/Funding Improvement Plan Second Alternative Option.

- **60-Month Certain:** If the member has completed at least 15 years of Pension Credits before retirement and died within 5 years after retirement (if married, and taking joint and survivor pension, the spouse also died prior to receiving an amount equal to 60 times the amount of the pension the participant had been entitled), the pension benefit will continue to be paid to the participant's designated beneficiary until a total of 60 months payments had been made.

The 60-month certain is only applicable to pre-2014 benefits if the participant's Home Local Schedule/Rehabilitation Plan Schedule as of December 31, 2013 was the First Alternative Schedule or Second Alternative Schedule. It is only applicable to post-2013 benefits attributable to Contribution Hours worked under a collective bargaining agreement satisfying the required contribution rate increases under the Rehabilitation Plan First Alternative Schedule/Funding Improvement Plan First Alternative Option or Rehabilitation Plan Second Alternative Schedule/Funding Improvement Plan Second Alternative Option.

Forms of Payments

The normal forms of payment are:

- Single life annuity for single participants, and
- 50% joint and survivor annuity with a "pop-up" feature for married participants (if applicable)

The available optional forms of payment are:

- Single life annuity with 60-month certain (if applicable)
- 50% joint and survivor annuity with a "pop-up" feature and 60-month certain (if applicable)
- 75% joint and survivor annuity with a "pop-up" feature (if applicable)
- 100% joint and survivor annuity with and without a "pop-up" feature (if applicable)

The "pop-up" feature and 60-month certain are only applicable to pre-2014 benefits if the participant's Home Local Schedule/Rehabilitation Plan Schedule as of December 31, 2013 was the First Alternative Schedule or Second Alternative Schedule. They are only applicable to post-2013 benefits attributable to Contribution Hours worked under a collective bargaining agreement satisfying the required contribution rate increases under the Rehabilitation Plan First Alternative Schedule/Funding Improvement Plan First Alternative Option or Rehabilitation Plan Second Alternative Schedule/Funding Improvement Plan Second Alternative Option.

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Participation	After completion of 870 hours during a calendar year																												
Past Service Credit	Service granted on the basis of days worked or amount earned in covered employment in calendar years prior to a participant's Contribution Date. For employers with a Contribution Date on or after January 1, 2000, the employer's initial contribution rate must be at least \$0.50 per hour.																												
Future Service Credit	<p>Service granted on the basis of hours of work in a calendar year after a Participant's Contribution Date in accordance with the following schedule:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Months of Future Service Credit</th> <th>Hours of Work in Covered Employment During Calendar Year</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>Less than 100</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>100 - 199</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>200 - 299</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>300 - 399</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>400 - 499</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>500 - 599</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>600 - 699</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>700 - 799</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>800 - 899</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>900 - 999</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>1,000 - 1,099</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>1,100 - 1,199</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>1,200 & Over</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Months of Future Service Credit	Hours of Work in Covered Employment During Calendar Year	0	Less than 100	1	100 - 199	2	200 - 299	3	300 - 399	4	400 - 499	5	500 - 599	6	600 - 699	7	700 - 799	8	800 - 899	9	900 - 999	10	1,000 - 1,099	11	1,100 - 1,199	12	1,200 & Over
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Pension Credit	Sum of the Past Service Credit and Future Service Credit (excluding service lost under the Plan's break in service rules)																												
Vesting Credit	870 or more hours of work within a Plan year earns one year of Vesting Service																												
Contribution Rate	Varies from \$0.05 to \$19.49 per hour as of the valuation date. The average rate is \$5.31 per hour as of December 31, 2021. 2.5% of certain employer contributions are allocated to 401(h) Medical Accounts but are subject to pension benefit accruals.																												

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Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

- *Eligibility:* Pensioners and beneficiaries whose benefits are based on contribution rates that were increased by the Required Pension Fund Increase and who separated and retired from Covered Employment on or after January 1, 1991 and before December 1, 2001. No payment is made after January 1, 2008 unless the annual supplement had been in effect 60 months before that date (i.e., the benefit must have been payable on the participant's Allocation Date for 2002 – October 31, 2002).
- *Amount:* An annual supplement equal to 2% of the participant's total monthly payments for the 12 months immediately preceding the Allocation Date, multiplied by the number of whole years preceding the Allocation Date that the participant or beneficiary has received benefits, up to a maximum of 15 years. If the participant had elected a level income option, the 2% factor is applied to the benefit prior to the adjustment for the form of payment.
 - Effective July 1, 1995, no NPF COLA Benefit is payable with respect to any benefits accrued after June 30, 1995.

A participant who was retired and received an annual supplemental increase under the NPF COLA Benefit for the 2002 Allocation Date will continue to receive the benefit, but it will not exceed the supplement that was paid for the 2002 Allocation Date (i.e., it remains fixed at that amount).

Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions reflected in this actuarial valuation

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